Withholding Periods and Export Slaughter Intervals for common acaacides (CATTLE ONLY)

Disclaimer: While all care has been taken to ensure that information contained in this document is true and correct at the time of publication, the Northern Territory of Australia gives no waranty or assurance, and makes no representation as to the accuracy of any information or advice contained in this publication, or that it is suitable for your intended use. No serious buisness or investment decisions should be made in reliance on this information without obtaining independent and/or proffesional advice in relation to your particular situation.

			WITHHOLDING PERIOD (WP)			
					EXPORT SLAUGHTER	
COMPANY	PRODUCT	APPLICATION	MEAT	MILK	INTERVAL (ESI)	COMMENTS
_	Amitraz EC	O (D:		N/A	N1/A	Removed from
Bayer	cattle	Spray/Dip	N/A	N/A	N/A	market
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 28		
	Б	Б.	10.0	days of calving where milk may be used for	40.5	
	Baymec	Pour-on	42 Days	human consumption	42 Days	ONLY TO BE USED
						ON CATTLE GOING
				Do not use on lactating or pregnant dairy cows		FOR IMMEDIATE
	Bayticol	Pour-on	Nil	intended for immediate live export	Nil	LIVE EXPORT
	Bayticol	Spray/Dip	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Cooper's	Amitik EC	Spray/Dip	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	Amitik	Dip	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	Tikafly	Dip	Nil	Not to be used on lactating dairy cattle	21 Days	
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 42		
				days of calving where milk may be used for		
	Blockade S	Spray/Dip	8 Days	human consumption	12 Days	
	Paramax	Pour-on	28 Days	Nil	28 Days	
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 28		
				days of calving where milk may be used for	42 Days before slaugher for	
Merial	Ivomec	Injectable	28 Days	human consumption	export	
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 28		
				days of calving where milk may be used for		
	Ivomec	Pour-on	42 days	human consumption	42 Days	

			40.5	Not to be used on cattle which produce milk	10.1	
Novartis	Acatac	Pour-on	42 Days	for human consumption	42 days	
	Acatac	_		Not to be used on cattle which produce milk		
	Duostar	Pour-on	42 Days	for human consumption	42 Days	
Pfizer	Dextomax	Pour-on	42 Days	Nil	42 Days	
	Dextomax	Injectable	42 Days	Nil	42 Days	
			Cattle and Goats 8	Not to be used on lactating cows or within 42		
			days, Horses 28	days of calving where milk may be used for		
	Barricade S	Spray/Dip	Days	human consumption	21 Days	
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 60		
				days of calving where milk may be used for	28 days single treatment 40	
Fort Dodge	Cydectin	Injectable	14 Days	human consumption	days multiple treatments	
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 80 days		Do not use for
				of calving where milk may be used for human		cattle destined for
	Cydectin LA	Injectable	56 days	consumption	108 Days	Live export
			Nil (For Aust and		Nil (For Aust and USA	
	Cydectin	Pour-on	USA markets)	Nil	markets)	
Ancare	Genesis	Pour-on	21 Days	Nil	21 Days	
				Not to be used on lactating cows or within 42		
				days of calving where milk may be used for		
	Wintix	Pour-on	42 Days	human consumption	42 Days	

Export Slaughter Intervals

An ESI is the time that should elapse between administration of a veterinary chemical to animals and their slaughter for export. ESI's manage differences between Maximum Residue Limits allowed for chemicals in Australia and its trading partners. ESI advice is particularly important for quality assurance schemes, and especially for producers filling out the National Vendor Declaration (NVD) forms as part of the whole-of-chain management of exported product.

Withholding Periods

The WHP is the minimum period which must elapse between last administration or application of a veterinary chemical product, including treated feed, and the slaughter, collection, harvesting or use of the animal commodity for human consumption. WHPs are mandatory for domestic slaughter and on the label of every registered product.